
















































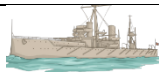




Year 6 Knowledge Organiser

World War One

You should already know	Causes of World War One	Main Participating Countries	Key Vocabulary																																																																			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The countries of Europe That many countries, as we know them today, were created following previous conflict Throughout history countries have grown their Empires as they have become more powerful Technology used in conflict has changed over time 	<p><i>Militarisation</i> </p> <p><i>Alliances</i> </p> <p><i>Nationalism</i> </p> <p><i>Imperialism</i> </p> <p><i>Assassination</i>  </p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Allied Countries</th> <th colspan="2">Central Powers</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>France</td> <td></td> <td>Germany</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>United Kingdom</td> <td></td> <td>Austria-Hungary</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Italy</td> <td></td> <td>Ottoman Empire (Modern Turkey)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Russia</td> <td></td> <td>Bulgaria</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>U.S.A</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Allied Countries		Central Powers		France		Germany		United Kingdom		Austria-Hungary		Italy		Ottoman Empire (Modern Turkey)		Russia		Bulgaria		U.S.A				<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Alliance</td> <td><i>A treaty/agreement between two or more friendly groups to support one another during conflict</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Armistice</td> <td><i>A pause in fighting brought about by an agreement between two sides</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Assassination</td> <td><i>The act of killing someone for religious or political reasons</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Colonised</td> <td><i>One country taking control of another country</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Conflict</td> <td><i>Opposition which can lead to aggression</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Conscription</td> <td><i>The requirement by law to join the armed forces</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Demilitarise</td> <td><i>Reducing the size of an army</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Empire</td> <td><i>When a group of countries are ruled by one independent country</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Front Line</td> <td><i>The area where the armies are engaged in fighting</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hostilities</td> <td><i>The state of being unfriendly or full of hate</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Imperialism</td> <td><i>A policy linked to expanding an empire by gaining control of other countries</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Invade</td> <td><i>Taking over another country by using military force</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Militarisation</td> <td><i>When a country increases the size of its army by enlisting more soldiers and creating more weapon.</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nationalism</td> <td><i>Is a strong attachment to a particular country over others – “Our country is the best!”</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Neutral</td> <td><i>Not taking anyone’s side in conflict</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>No Man’s Land</td> <td><i>The area of land between two enemy trench systems</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Propaganda</td> <td><i>Biased or misleading information used to spread ideas</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rationed</td> <td><i>Being given a food allowance when food is in short supply</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>The Great War</td> <td><i>The name used for World War One at the time</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Treaty</td> <td><i>A formal agreement</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Trenches</td> <td><i>Long ditches dug in the ground where soldiers lived on the front line</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Alliance	<i>A treaty/agreement between two or more friendly groups to support one another during conflict</i>	Armistice	<i>A pause in fighting brought about by an agreement between two sides</i>	Assassination	<i>The act of killing someone for religious or political reasons</i>	Colonised	<i>One country taking control of another country</i>	Conflict	<i>Opposition which can lead to aggression</i>	Conscription	<i>The requirement by law to join the armed forces</i>	Demilitarise	<i>Reducing the size of an army</i>	Empire	<i>When a group of countries are ruled by one independent country</i>	Front Line	<i>The area where the armies are engaged in fighting</i>	Hostilities	<i>The state of being unfriendly or full of hate</i>	Imperialism	<i>A policy linked to expanding an empire by gaining control of other countries</i>	Invade	<i>Taking over another country by using military force</i>	Militarisation	<i>When a country increases the size of its army by enlisting more soldiers and creating more weapon.</i>	Nationalism	<i>Is a strong attachment to a particular country over others – “Our country is the best!”</i>	Neutral	<i>Not taking anyone’s side in conflict</i>	No Man’s Land	<i>The area of land between two enemy trench systems</i>	Propaganda	<i>Biased or misleading information used to spread ideas</i>	Rationed	<i>Being given a food allowance when food is in short supply</i>	The Great War	<i>The name used for World War One at the time</i>	Treaty	<i>A formal agreement</i>	Trenches	<i>Long ditches dug in the ground where soldiers lived on the front line</i>
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Timeline of World War One		Propaganda	Timeline of World War One		
28 th June 1914	 Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria is assassinated by a Serbian terrorist.	<p>Propaganda is information that is spread for the purpose of promoting a cause or belief.</p> <p>In World War One propaganda posters were used to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recruit men to join the army Recruit women to work in the factories and in the Women's Land Army Encourage people not to waste food Keep morale high and encourage people to buy government bonds. 	1 st July 1916	The Battle of the Somme begins. 	
28 th July 1914	Austria Hungary declares war on Serbia. Russia mobilises army. 			6 th April 1917	The United States of America declares war on Germany. 
1 st August 1914	 Germany declares war on Russia.		7 th November 1917	 Lenin and the Bolsheviks take control of Russia.	
3 rd August 1914	Germany declares war on France. 		17 th December 1917	Russia leaves the war. 	
4 th August 1914	 Germany invades Belgium. Britain declares war on Germany.		11 th November 1918	 An armistice is agreed, and the guns fall silent at 11 am on the 11 th hour of the 11 th day.	
		Recruitment			
5 th September 1914	The German army is stopped short of Paris by the French and British army at the Battle of the Marne. Both sides dig in their positions and trench warfare begins. 	In the first weekend of the war, 100 men an hour (3,000 a day) signed up to join the armed forces. In 1916 Conscription was introduced. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Men were encouraged to join up with their friends, these were known as 'Pals Battalions'. Some men—called conscientious objectors—refused to fight for moral or religious reasons. They said their consciences would not allow them to kill. A white feather was used as a symbol to mean a man was a coward. The idea was to shame the man and make him join the army 	28 th June 1919	The Treaty of Versailles is signed by Germany and the first world war officially ends. 	
7 th May 1915	1195 civilian passengers killed when a German submarine sinks the Lusitania. This prompts the United States of America to join the war. 	Remembrance Day			
31 st May 1916	 The Battle of Jutland, the biggest naval battle of the war, is fought between Germany and Britain in the North Sea.	 Every year on 11th November, people in the UK stop for a short moment of reflection. Poppies, which grew on the barren fields of World War One, are used to remember soldiers who died.	Treaty of Versailles		
		The leaders of the USA, Great Britain and France met in Versailles and an agreement was made called the Treaty of Versailles. Terms of the treaty included:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Germany had to accept total blame for starting the war and some places Germany used to own were taken from them. Germany was banned from having an army of more than 100,000 men and from having any submarines or an air force. The country had to pay 132 billion gold marks to repair the damages of war. They became poor because of this. 			

