

Prior Knowledge / vocabulary

Continent - there are seven continents in the world. Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, Australia

Century - a 100 years

Timeline - used to describe the order in which events happened

Evidence – helps to prove something

Artefact – object used to help collect evidence

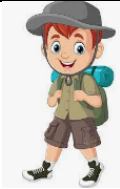
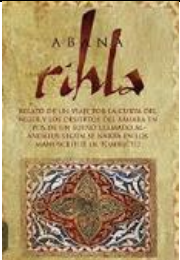

National Curriculum links:

Pupils should be taught about: the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Pupils should be taught to compare aspects of life in different periods.

Key question:

How can we find out about explorers?

New Vocabulary:

<p>explorer</p> 	<p>A person who visits and learns about new places</p>
<p>era</p>	<p>A period of time</p>
<p>legacy</p>	<p>Something we inherit from the past</p>
<p>Rihla</p> 	<p>A written account of a journey (from Arabic)</p>
<p>expedition</p> 	<p>A journey taken for a specific purpose</p>

Key people / facts

Robert
Falcon
Scott
(1868 -
1912)



Born in Devon, UK in 1868.
Officer in the Royal Navy.
Led 2 expeditions to Antarctica.
The 1st was from 1901 - 1904.
The 2nd was in 1910.
He was the 2nd person to reach the South Pole but he never returned.

Neil
Armstrong
(1930 -
2012)



Born in 1930. Died in 2012.
Famous for being the 1st human to set foot on the moon.

Ibn Battuta
(1304 -
1368/9 or
1377)



Born in 1304.
Spent 30 years travelling. Travelled over 78,000 miles and visited 44 countries.
Wrote down his travels in a Rihla.
Died between 1368 and 1377.

Sources of Evidence

Photos
Drawings
Videos
Eye-witness
Rihla
A diary
Newspapers
Documents
Artefacts

